

**Cross-Border Threat Screening and Supply Chain Defense (CBTS)  
Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Science and Technology (S&T)  
Center of Excellence**

**Proposal Guide  
July 8, 2021**



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## **CBTS Vision, Mission and Goals**

### **Vision**

The CBTS vision is to be the premier research center for the development of solutions, protocols and capabilities to support DHS operations to detect, assess, and respond to known and unknown threats and hazards that could adversely impact the nation's supply chain infrastructure as it relates to people, agriculture, and economy.

### **Mission**

The CBTS mission is to enhance cross border screening and supply chain defense against known and unknown threats through cutting edge research, education, and innovative applications of emerging technologies.

### **Goals**

The CBTS goals are to work in collaboration with DHS to deliver solutions, develop processes and enhance capabilities to support DHS operations designed to counter threats and secure our Nation without compromising commercial enterprise.

## **CBTS and DHS Partnership**

- 1) Works closely with DHS and others on an on-going basis to formulate research projects so that those efforts are aligned with the most critical knowledge and technology gaps.
- 2) Works with research teams to build appropriate stage-gate plans to manage research including test and evaluation plans; identify key value-added propositions to support.
- 3) Places faculty and students (U.S. citizens eligible for clearances) in operational agencies early and often, to develop solutions appropriate to complex homeland security problems.
- 4) Builds a nation-wide or world-wide network of academic and other subject matter experts to be able to access the best experts for each problem in short order.
- 5) Replaces researchers whose projects are not progressing as planned, and establish a competitive process to replace projects that have ended.
- 6) Develops detailed plans for transitioning research results into use, including plans to pursue intellectual property protections and to support the transfer of research to those capable of further developing the technology or service.

## **Stages of Research and Development**

CBTS funds a range of research and development projects including:

- 1) **Exploration and Customer Discovery**: the stage of research that generates hypotheses or theories through new and refined data analysis, produces observational findings, and creates other sources of research-based information. Efforts to explore customer gaps occurs early in the process. Projects in this stage should describe existing relevant standards, competing approaches, and provide an initial analysis of market conditions.
- 2) **Planning and Concept Refinement**: the stage of research that narrows project requirements. This includes conducting preliminary market and technical assessments, identifying customer needs, and developing initial product specifications. Results from this stage of research may be used to inform the design of a study to test the efficacy of an idea/project. Efforts to define the market and identify and assess market drivers that will affect the transfer or adoption of the project outputs should be initiated.



- 3) **Proof of Concept**: the stage of development where key technical challenges is initially addressed. Activities may include verifying product requirements and implementing and testing (typically in controlled contexts) approaches to those capability requirements. A technology transfer plan is typically developed that outlines efforts to understand commercialization needs.
- 4) **Testing and Validation**: the stage of development where a fully integrated and working prototype is tested. Activities may include iteratively refining the prototype, testing in operational environments, and verifying that all technical requirements are met. A technology transfer plan is typically ongoing in collaboration with the transfer partner(s). Stage results depict that a product embodiment is realizable.
- 5) **Final Design and Launch**: the stage of development where the product or service is finalized and made available for customer utilization. This likely requires the development of the corresponding business services that customers will use to buy, license, or otherwise acquire the product or service.

### **CBTS Research Priorities**

As a DHS Center of Excellence, CBTS funds research in the following areas:

- 1) Detecting Biological Threats and Disruptions to People and Global Supply Chains
- 2) Data Integration and Analytics
- 3) Novel Operational Methods to Use Emerging Tools to Reduce Risk
- 4) Workforce Development
- 5) Time Critical Response Support

### **Proposal Format, Submission, and Eligibility Requirements**

All CBTS requests for proposals (RFP) contain specific content, formatting, and page limit requirements that all researchers must follow. Deadlines for proposal submissions are announced in each RFP. Proposals that do not address the research priorities listed in the RFP or that do not follow formatting or page limit requirements will be rejected. Proposals arriving after submission deadlines will not receive funding consideration.

### **General Proposal Sections**

(Specific section page limits will be stated in the RFP)

1. Proposal Cover Sheet
2. Proposal
  - a. Identify the project's goals with respect to specific priority areas listed in the RFP
  - b. Outline literature related to the project and its goals
  - c. Identify methods and data that will be applied to achieve the goals
  - d. Identify expected outcomes and milestones for the project
  - e. Describe procedures for assessing the success of the project using the SMART framework - specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, and timely
3. Budget with justification narrative by category
  - a. Salaries and benefits
  - b. Subcontracts
  - c. Equipment
  - d. Conferences



- e. Travel
- f. Indirect costs
4. Appendices (examples)
  - a. PI CVs
  - b. Authors' contact information
  - c. List of potential peer reviewers and the contact information

### **Formatting Requirements**

All proposal must:

1. Be double-spaced
2. Be in an 11-point font
3. Use 1-inch margins
4. Include page numbers

### **Eligibility Information**

Applications will be accepted from accredited U.S. higher education institutions, for-profit organizations, or organizations that meet the definition of non-profit in OMB Circular A-122, relocated to 2 CFR Part 230.

### **Exceptions**

- Non-profit organizations described in Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code that engage in lobbying activities as defined in Section 3 of the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 are not eligible to apply.
- Federally Funded Research and Development Centers (FFRDCs) or laboratories funded by federal agencies are not eligible to apply. FFRDC employees may cooperate or collaborate with eligible applicants within the limits imposed by applicable legislation, regulations, and policies, are not eligible to serve in a principal leadership role, and may not receive salaries or in other ways augment their agency's appropriations through awards made by this program.
- Institution partnerships with foreign institutions are permitted but may require special justification and approval from CBTS and DHS.
- For-Profit organizations intending to apply may not include profit margins in their cost.
- CBTS is unable to fund federal government agencies.

### **Available Funding**

CBTS projects selected by DHS are funded through the cooperative agreement with the Center Lead institution. DHS may allocate up to \$250,000 per year to each selected Partner applicant, subject to availability of funds. The CBTS is responsible for administering funding to all projects within the Center's portfolio. Specific funding limits are defined in individual Requests for Proposals (RFP).



### **Scientific Review of Proposals**

The scientific reviews of proposals sent to CBTS will be conducted by panels of peer reviewers who will generally use the following questions and weighted scoring to assess the merits of the proposed work. In addition to the narrative responses, reviewers will rate each of the four review elements on a scale from 1 to 5 (where 5 is the best/highest ranking). *The specific Scientific Merit criteria and weights will be identified in each call for proposals/white papers. The following elements and weights are generic, but representative of commonly used criteria.*

1. Scientific Merit and Originality/Innovation (Rating 1–5) (45%) – Does the project use appropriate theoretical concepts, technologies, or methodologies, or improve upon existing methods? Does the research have the potential to generate influential publications or lead to new discoveries? Are graduate education and workforce development aspects included in this proposal?
2. Proposed Approach/Methods and Risks (Rating 1–5) (25%) – Are the goals clear and supported by evidence or sound theory? Are the methods clear and appropriate to test the hypothesis? Has the team defined metrics or targets appropriate for the stated goals? Are data generation/collection approaches appropriate? Are risks identified with proposed mitigation strategies?
3. Qualification of Personnel and Suitability of Facilities (Rating 1–5) (20%) – Does the team have the breadth of qualifications to conduct and complete the proposed work? Does the team have prior expertise in similar areas? Are the facilities suitable for the proposed research?
4. Budget and Schedule (Rating 1–5) (10%) – Are the costs appropriate and reasonable? Is the budget proportional to the work being performed and the resources used? Does the team demonstrate an ability to deliver products within the proposed budget and on schedule?

### **Scientific Reviewer Selection**

Researchers may submit list of potential reviewers for CBTS's consideration in the scientific review of their proposal. The list must include specific names with titles, and complete contact information including the potential reviewers' e-mail addresses. This list is not required, but if submitted should be submitted with the proposal by the submission date.

In addition:

1. Researchers should ensure there are no conflicts of interest between the recommended reviewers and the PI's and Co-PI's listed on the proposal. Reviewers will also be asked to ensure there are no conflicts of interest with the PI'S and Co-PI's.
2. Reviewers will know the names of the researchers, but the names of the reviewers used will not be shared with a proposal's author(s).
3. CBTS reserves the right to send the proposal to the most qualified reviewers and may or may not use names from the list provided by the researchers.
4. In some cases, reviewers will be asked to sign non-disclosure agreements prior to receiving the proposals for review.

### **Relevance Review of Proposals**

Proposals that successfully meet the requirements of the scientific review process will be submitted to the CBTS DHS Program Manager and reviewed for relevance to the DHS mission and objectives. Proposals identified as relevant will be ranked and considered for funding.

### **Additional Project Requirements**

Researchers should be aware that once a proposal is accepted, funding may be subject to additional requirements that will be addressed in the creation of a workplan for based on the accepted project proposal as described below.

### **Terms and Conditions Flowdown Requirements**

The CBTS COE is subject to the Terms and Conditions under the prime award from DHS. These Terms and Conditions, and all policies and requirements within, will flow down to all sub-awards or sub-contracts for investigators who conduct research under the sponsorship of the CBTS cooperative agreement. Additional Terms and Conditions will also flow down from Texas A&M. Copies of these Terms and Conditions are available upon request. Some of the points are summarized below.

### **Foreign Participation Reporting Instructions**

The admittance of foreign detailees, scientists, and students into DHS sponsored/funded academic and other programs may result in continuous DHS Center of Excellence Cooperative exposure of DHS information, personnel, IT systems, technologies, facilities, resources, and programs by non-U.S. citizens. In order to mitigate this potential security risk, DHS Management Policy 121-08 stipulates all foreign detailees, scientist, professors, principal investigators, and student nominees involved in long-term (greater than 30 days) DHS sponsored/funded academic or other DHS programs must submit a DHS Form 11055 to the DHS Office of Chief Security Officer. The Director/Principal Investigator is required to ensure all foreign investigators and students working on DHS sponsored/funded research or receiving tuition or travel support of any kind through this award, complete DHS Form 11055, to report all foreign national students/teaching assistants.

CBTS has created a secure portal to share this information with DHS so that CBTS does not have access to personally identifiable information (PII). Within the Form, Section I (Foreign National Information), Section II (Foreign National Information -Passport/Visa), and Section III (Foreign National Information (Employer Information) must be completed. Sponsor information will be completed internally at S&T. For individual engagements with Foreign Nationals, Recipient will submit Form 11055 at least 30 days prior to the activity in which the foreign national participates.

### **Requirements for Research Involving Human Subjects**

The Researcher and any Researcher institutions shall conduct all Research Involving Human Subjects in compliance with the requirements set forth in 6 C.F.R. § 46, Subparts A, and 45 C.F.R. § 46, Subparts B-D, DHS Directive 026-04, *Protection of Human Subjects*, and any related DHS policies and instructions prior to initiating any work with human subjects under an award. Each Researcher and any Researcher institutions planning to perform research involving



human subjects under an award must submit the documentation to CBTS for Texas A&M University System Institutional Review Board (IRB) and DHS Compliance Assurance Program Office (CAPO) review.

**Requirements for Research Involving Human Subjects.** Each facility conducting work involving human subjects under an award is required to have a project-specific Certification of Compliance letter issued by the CAPO. Each Researcher must submit the following documentation to the CAPO for compliance review and certification **prior to initiating research involving human subjects under an award.**

All documentation, as well as any questions or concerns regarding the requirements referenced above, should be submitted to CBTS. CBTS in turn will coordinate with TAMU IRB and DHS CAPO [to achieve approval](#). The submitted documentation will be retained by the CAPO and used to conduct a regulatory compliance assessment. Additional documentation may be required in some cases to complete this assessment. The Researcher must provide this documentation upon request, and address in writing any compliance issues or concerns raised by the CAPO before a certification letter is issued and participant enrollment can begin under an award. The CAPO will review all submitted materials and provide written confirmation to the Researcher once all documentation requirements have been met.

The Researcher must promptly report the following to CBTS, along with any corrective actions taken: (1) any serious or continuing noncompliance with human subjects research regulations and policies adopted by DHS; and (2) suspension, termination, or revocation of IRB approval of any human subjects research activities conducted under an award.

### **Foreign Contractors/Collaborators and U.S. Institutions with Foreign Subcomponents.**

Foreign organizations (including direct Contractors, Subcontractors, Grant Researchers, Sub-researchers, and subcomponents or collaborating partners to U.S. Researchers) are subject to all DHS and CAPO requirements for research involving human subjects. All entities involved in activities under an award must comply with applicable national and regional/local regulations, and standards and guidelines equivalent to those described for U.S. institutions (e.g., 45 C.F.R. § 46, including all Subparts, as relevant). The CAPO will evaluate compliance measures for these institutions on a case-by-case basis to determine their sufficiency. The Researcher must not initiate nor provide funds for the conduct of work involving human subjects at foreign institutions without formal written approval from the CAPO.

### **Requirements for Research Involving Animals**

The Researcher and any Researcher institution shall conduct all research involving animals under an award in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Animal Welfare Act of 1966 (P.L. 89-544), as amended, and the associated regulations in 9 C.F.R., Chapter 1, Subchapter A; the Public Health Service (PHS) Policy on Humane Care and Use of Laboratory Animals (which adopts the “U.S. Government Principles for the Utilization and Care of Vertebrate Animals used in Testing, Research, and Training”, 50 FR 20864, May 20, 1985); the National Research Council (NRC) Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals; the Federation of Animal Science Societies (FASS) Guide for the Care and Use of Agricultural Animals in Agricultural Research and Teaching; and any additional requirements set forth in the DHS



Directive for the Care and Use of Animals in Research (026-01). Each Researcher and any Researcher institution planning to perform research involving animals under an award must comply with the requirements and submit the documentation outlined in this section.

**Requirements for Initial Review of Research Involving Animals.** Research Involving Animals includes any research, experimentation, biological testing, and other related activities involving live, vertebrate animals, including any training for such activities. Each facility conducting research involving animals under an award must submit copies of the following documentation to the CBTS for TAMU Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) and DHS CAPO review **prior to the initiation of such research.**

The CAPO will review all submitted materials and provide written confirmation to the Researcher once all documentation requirements have been met. Upon receipt of this written confirmation, the Researcher may initiate approved animal research projects under an award, but must address any potential compliance issues or concerns identified by the CAPO. Additional documentation may be required in some cases and must be submitted upon request.

Research involving the use of nonhuman primates or international collaborations involving animal research will require more extensive review prior to approval, and must not begin under an award without first obtaining a formal certification letter from the CAPO.

The Researcher, as well as any Researcher institution and partner institutions conducting animal research under an award, shall also comply with ongoing research compliance office (RCO) compliance assurance functions, which may include but are not limited to periodic site visits, program reviews, and facility inspections.

**Requirements for Ongoing Review of Research Involving Animals.** For ongoing animal research activities, each Researcher and any Researcher institutions must submit updates to the CBTS regarding any amendments or changes to (including expiration, renewal, or completion of) ongoing animal protocols as they occur, and may be required to submit annual updates regarding the ACU program at Researcher and Researcher institutions. Annual updates may include, but are not limited to, the IACUC semiannual (program review and facility inspection) reports, the USDA inspection report, and the most recent AAALAC inspection report, as applicable. These will be coordinated with TAMU IACUC and DHS CAPO.

The Researcher must promptly report the following to the CBTS, along with any corrective actions taken: (1) any serious or continuing noncompliance with animal care and use regulations and policies adopted by DHS (as referenced above); (2) any change in AAALAC accreditation status; (3) any USDA Notice of Violation; and (4) IACUC suspension of any animal research activity conducted under an award.

### **Foreign Contractors/Collaborators and U.S. Institutions with Foreign Subcomponents**

Foreign organizations (including direct Contractors, Subcontractors, Grant Researchers, Sub-researchers, and subcomponents or collaborating partners to U.S. Researchers) are subject to all DHS requirements for work involving animals. All entities involved in activities under an award



must comply with applicable national and regional/local regulations, and standards and guidelines equivalent to those described for U.S. Institutions (e.g., Title 9, C.F.R, Chapter 1, Subchapter A; *Public Health Service Policy on Humane Care and Use of Laboratory Animals; the Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals; and the Guide for the Care and Use of Agricultural Animals in Agricultural Research and Teaching*). The Researcher must provide documentation to the CBTS sufficient to illustrate this compliance. The CAPO will evaluate compliance measures for these institutions on a case-by-case basis to determine their sufficiency. The Researcher must not initiate nor provide funds for the conduct of work involving animals at foreign institutions under an award without formal written approval from DHS CAPO.

### **Biological Laboratory Work Compliance Requirements**

The Researcher and any Researcher institution shall conduct all biological laboratory work in compliance with applicable federal regulations; the latest edition of the CDC/NIH Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories; DHS Directive 066-02, Biosafety; and any local institutional policies that may apply for Researcher institution facilities performing work under an award. CBTS will submit biosafety documents (e.g., workplan and protocols if necessary) to TAMU Research Compliance and Biosafety. CBTS will also coordinate with DHS CAPO on the Treaty Compliance Form (TCF) for planned work under an award to determine the applicability of the requirements outlined in this section. CBTS will coordinate with the researcher for information requests and provide guidance on the requirements, and then submit all required documentation based on CAPO guidance, prior to the initiation of any biological laboratory work under an award.

CAPO review of submitted materials may determine the need for further compliance review requirements, which may include documentation-based and on-site components. The Researcher, and any Researcher institutions conducting biological laboratory work under an award, must also comply with ongoing CAPO compliance assurance and review requirements, which may include but are not limited to initial and periodic documentation requests, program reviews, site visits, and facility inspections.

The Researcher must promptly report the following to the CBTS, along with any corrective actions taken: (1) any serious or continuing biosafety or BSAT program issues as identified by the APHIS/CDC National Select Agent Program, other compliance oversight authorities, or institutional-level reviews (e.g., IBC or equivalent, laboratory safety/biosafety inspections); (2) any suspension or revocation of the APHIS/CDC Certificate of Registration; and (3) any for-cause suspension or termination of biological, rDNA, or BSAT activities at the laboratories/facilities where DHS-sponsored work is conducted.

### **Foreign Contractors/Collaborators and U.S. Institutions with Foreign Subcomponents**

Foreign organizations (including direct Contractors, Subcontractors, Grant Researchers, subresearchers, and subcomponents or collaborating partners to U.S. Researchers) are subject to applicable DHS requirements for biological laboratory activities. All entities involved in activities under an award must comply with applicable national and regional/local regulations, and standards and guidelines equivalent to those described for U.S. institutions (e.g., *BMBL and NIH Guidelines*). The Researcher must provide RCO documentation sufficient to illustrate this compliance. The RCO will evaluate compliance measures for these institutions on a case-by-case



basis. The Researcher must not initiate work nor provide funds for the conduct of biological laboratory work under an award without RCO's formal written approval.

### **Dual Use Research of Concern Requirements**

The Researcher and any Researcher institutions shall conduct all research involving agents and toxins identified in sections III.1 and 6.2.1 of the *USG Policy for Oversight of Dual Use Research of Concern* and USG Policy for the Institutional Oversight of Dual Use Research of *Concern*, respectively, in accordance with both policies referenced above and in accordance with any additional requirements set forth in related DHS policies and instructions. Each Researcher and any Researcher institutions planning to perform research involving agents and toxins identified in sections III.1 and 6.2.1 of the USG DURC policies under an award must submit the following documentation outlined in this section to the CBTS for CAPO review.

#### *Flow down Requirements*

The Researcher shall ensure that all sub-awards/contracts at any tier adhere to USG DURC policies where the sub-Researcher is performing work with agents or toxins identified in sections III.1 of the *USG Policy for Oversight of Dual Use Research of Concern* and 6.2.1 of the *USG Policy for the Institutional Oversight of Dual Use Research of Concern*.

### **Compliance with Export Controls**

Activities performed by the Researcher and any Researcher institution under an award may or may not be subject to U.S. export control regulations. The Researcher and any Researcher institution shall conduct all such activities, to include all DHS-funded research and development, acquisitions, and collaborations in full compliance with U.S. export controls—to include the Export Administration Regulations (EAR), the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR), and the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) Regulations. The Researcher and any Researcher institution will ensure that all legal requirements for compliance with U.S. export controls are met prior to transferring commodities, technologies, technical data, or other controlled information to a non-U.S. person or entity. Upon DHS request, the Researcher and any Researcher institution must provide to CBTS any CAPO documentation and any other information necessary to determine satisfaction of this requirement.

All documentation, as well as any questions or concerns regarding export controls, should be submitted to the CBTS for TAMU and CAPO review.

### **Controlled Unclassified Information**

The parties understand that information and materials provided pursuant to or resulting from an award may be export controlled, sensitive, for official use only, or otherwise protected by law, executive order, or regulation. The Researcher is responsible for compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. Nothing in any award shall be construed to permit any disclosure in violation of those restrictions.

### **Intellectual Property, Patent, and Data Rights**

#### **Patent Rights**

The Researcher is subject to applicable regulations governing patents and inventions, including



government-wide regulations issued by the Department of Commerce at 37 CFR Part 401, “Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms Under Government Grants, Contracts and Cooperative Agreements.” The clause at 37 CFR 401.14 is incorporated by reference herein. All reports of subject inventions made under an award should be submitted to DHS using the Interagency Edison system website at <http://www.iedison.gov>.

## Data Rights

- 1) General Requirements. The Researcher grants the Government a royalty free, nonexclusive, and irrevocable license to reproduce, display, distribute copies, perform, disseminate, or prepare derivative works, and to authorize others to do so, for Government purposes in:
  - a. Any data that is first produced under an award and provided to the Government.
  - b. Any data owned by third parties that is incorporated in the data provided to the Government under an award; or
  - c. Any data requested in paragraph 2 below, if incorporated in the Award. “Data” means recorded information, regardless of form or the media on which it may be recorded.
- 2) Additional requirements
  - a. Requirement: If the Government believes that it needs additional research data that was produced under an award, the Government may request the research data and the Researcher agrees to provide the research data within a reasonable time.
  - b. Applicability: The requirement in paragraph 2.a of this section applies to any research data that are:
    - i. Produced under an award, either as a Researcher or sub-researcher.
    - ii. Used by the Government in developing an agency action that has the force and effect of law; and
    - iii. Published, which occurs either when:
      1. The research data is published in a peer-reviewed scientific or technical journal; or
      2. DHS publicly and officially cites the research data in support of an agency action that has the force and effect of law.
  - c. Definition of “research data:” For the purposes of this section, “research data:
    - i. Means the recorded factual material (excluding physical objects, such as laboratory samples) commonly accepted in the scientific community as necessary to validate research findings.
    - ii. Excludes:
      1. Preliminary analyses.
      2. Drafts of scientific papers.
      3. Plans for future research.
      4. Peer reviews.
      5. Communications with colleagues.
      6. Trade secrets.
      7. Commercial information.
      8. Materials necessary that a researcher must hold confidential until they are published, or similar information which is protected under law; and



9. Personnel and medical information and similar information the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, such as information that could be used to identify a person in a research study.
- d. Requirements for sub-awards: The Researcher agrees to include in any subaward made under this Agreement the requirements of an award term (Patent Rights and Data Rights) and DHS Standard Terms and Conditions award term (Copyright).

## **Data Requirements**

### **Access to Data**

Researchers and analysts must be able to obtain access to needed analytical products, relevant data, and open source and publicly available information. They also should anticipate interacting with homeland security partners and stakeholders and other subject matter experts. Applicants must discuss any needs for unique or sensitive data, testing, or laboratory facilities that will be required to conduct the research, and how the applicant will ensure its researchers can access necessary data and facilities.

### **Data Acquisition and Management Plan**

Prior to initiating work on any research project that requires access to third party data, including data provided by DHS Component agencies, the Researcher must provide a plan for acquiring data as described in (b) below. The Researcher shall coordinate review of the plan with the University Privacy Officer prior to submission to DHS. The Researcher shall submit its plan to the DHS Program Officer for review and comment prior to initiating research. DHS will review the plan and notify the Researcher of any concerns that may be identified. The Researcher shall review the Data Acquisition and Management Plans at least annually and identify or update, as necessary, any new areas of research that require access to third party data. This plan needs to be in place no later than 30-days from kickoff and the approved plan should be updated as new data sources are identified.

The plan must include the following information:

1. The purpose for collecting the data and characteristics of the data. If the data is deemed privacy sensitive, the Researcher must comply with the applicable federal, state, and local privacy laws, as well as DHS and university/research institute policies regarding the collection and use of personally identifiable information (PII).
2. The uses of the data.
3. A written commitment from the data's owner(s) to provide the Researcher the required data and the conditions under which the data will be provided.
4. A plan for the disposal or retention of the data after the research ends.

### **Flow Down Requirements**

The researchers shall include the information for all sub-awards/contracts where the work may rely on the use, generation or access to government facilities, and sensitive or classified information.



### **Information Protection Plan**

The researchers and their institutions shall agree that all research conducted under an award is intended to have publicly releasable results. Accordingly, no research under an award should involve, use, or generate sensitive information, which includes PII, and/or classified information. In order to ensure research under the research does not involve, use, or generate sensitive or classified information, intentionally or accidentally, researchers shall develop an Information Protection Plan that incorporates policies and procedures that properly define, recognize, and protect such sensitive or classified information. When applicable, researchers will submit its plan to the CBTS and forwarded to DHS Program Officer for review and comment within 30 days of award.

Researchers will be notified of any concerns that may be identified once the plan is reviewed by DHS. The Researcher will review the Information Protection Plan at least annually and update as necessary for new or existing areas of research that may involve sensitive information. Researcher will submit any updates to the Information Protection Plans along with annual reports to the DHS Program Officer for review and comment.

Researcher further understands and agrees that despite the best efforts of the Parties to avoid research under an award that involves, uses, or generates sensitive or classified information, the possibility exists that such information could nonetheless be involved, used or generated and be subject to protection by law, executive order, regulation or applicable DHS policies. The Researcher is, therefore, responsible for compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, and policies. Nothing in an award shall be construed to permit any public disclosure of sensitive and/or classified information in violation of these restrictions.

The Information Protection Plan will ensure the Researcher identifies, secures, and prohibits public disclosure of “sensitive or classified information.” Researcher maintains responsibility for their due diligence in identifying and properly marking any information governed by U.S. export controls regulations.

#### *Required Notifications to DHS:*

If the researchers or CBTS determines that research under an award involved, used, or generated sensitive or classified information, it agrees to secure the information in accordance with its Information Protection Plan and notify the CBTS for DHS Program Officer notification immediately. CBTS shall inform the DHS Program Officer in writing within 24 hours of becoming aware of any potential security

### **Publications:**

#### **Acknowledgement and Disclaimer**

- 1) Publications. All publications produced because of this funding which are submitted for publication in any magazine, journal, or trade paper shall carry the following:
  - a. Acknowledgement. “This material is based upon work supported by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security under Grant Award Number 18STCBT00001-03-00.



- b. **Disclaimer.** “The views and conclusions contained in this document are those of the authors and should not be interpreted as necessarily representing the official policies, either expressed or implied, of the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.”

Researcher agrees to include in any sub-award made under this Agreement the requirements of an award term (Publications).

### **Co-Authoring of Reports and Articles.**

Papers, presentations, or other documents co-authored by a *DHS employee* and a COE researcher will be subject to DHS’s publications approval process prior to dissemination of the publication by the authors. Recipient shall submit these publications to the DHS author for DHS clearance at least sixty (60) days prior to dissemination of the publication. Recipient agrees to submit all required DHS clearances with the publication materials to the DHS Program Officer of Record.

### **Use of DHS Seal and DHS S&T Logo**

Researchers shall not use the DHS seal. Researchers must acquire DHS’s approval prior to using the DHS S&T logo.

**Enhancing Public Access to Publications.** DHS requires that the Researcher shall forward one electronic (PDF) copy of all publications generated under an award to the Program Officer at the time of publication. The Program Officer will make all publications publicly available by posting on [www.hsuniversityprograms.org](http://www.hsuniversityprograms.org) in a manner consistent with copyright law no later than 12 months after the official date of publication. DHS Policy explicitly recognizes and upholds the principles of copyright. Authors and journals can continue to assert copyright in publications that include research findings from DHS-funded activities, in accordance with current practice. While individual copyright arrangements can take many forms, DHS encourages investigators to sign agreements that specifically allow the manuscript or software to be deposited with DHS for U.S. Government use after journal publication. Institutions and investigators may wish to develop particular contract terms in consultation with their own legal counsel, as appropriate. But, as an example, the kind of language that an author or institution might add to a copyright agreement includes the following: “Journal (or Software) researcher acknowledges that the Author retains the right to provide a final copy of the final manuscript or software application to DHS upon acceptance for Journal publication or thereafter, for public access purposes through DHS’s websites or for public archiving purposes.”

### **Travel**

Travel required in the performance of an award must comply with [2 C.F.R. Part 200](#). Foreign travel must be approved by DHS in advance and in writing. Requests for foreign travel identifying the traveler, the purpose, the destination, and the estimated travel costs must be submitted to the DHS Grants Officer 60 days prior to the commencement of travel.